

**UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**  
Washington, D.C. 20549

**FORM 10-Q**

Quarterly report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the quarterly period ended January 31, 2017

OR

Transition report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the transition period from            to

Commission File Number 001-35588

**Liberty Tax, Inc.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

**Delaware**

(State of incorporation)

**27-3561876**

(IRS employer identification no.)

**1716 Corporate Landing Parkway  
Virginia Beach, Virginia 23454**

(Address of principal executive offices)

**(757) 493-8855**

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports); and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

Smaller reporting company

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

The number of shares outstanding of the registrant's Class A common stock as of March 2, 2017 was 12,682,550 shares.

The number of shares outstanding of the registrant's Class B common stock as of March 2, 2017 was 200,000 shares.

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LIBERTY TAX, INC.

Form 10-Q for the Quarterly Period Ended January 31, 2017

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**ITEM 1  
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

**LIBERTY TAX, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
Consolidated Balance Sheets  
January 31, 2017, April 30, 2016 and January 31, 2016  
(In thousands, except share data)

<b>Assets</b>	<b>January 31, 2017 (unaudited)</b>	<b>April 30, 2016</b>	<b>January 31, 2016 (unaudited)</b>
<b>Current assets:</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,459	\$ 9,906	\$ 1,787
<b>Receivables:</b>			
Accounts receivable	63,013	49,908	59,865
Notes receivable - current	79,122	26,710	90,858
Interest receivable, net	5,201	1,944	5,156
Allowance for doubtful accounts - current	(8,529)	(6,840)	(5,993)
Total current receivables, net	138,807	71,722	149,886
Assets held for sale	17,549	9,886	11,164
Income taxes receivable	12,827	—	16,303
Deferred income tax asset	3,881	3,496	3,354
Other current assets	23,079	5,838	21,188
Total current assets	199,602	100,848	203,682
Property, equipment, and software, net of accumulated depreciation of \$25,681, \$21,052 and \$19,825, respectively	41,734	40,957	41,216
Notes receivable, non-current	27,455	25,514	34,374
Allowance for doubtful accounts, non-current	(1,713)	(2,010)	(1,338)
Total notes receivables, non-current, net	25,742	23,504	33,036
Goodwill	4,811	4,228	4,069
Other intangible assets, net	22,648	16,270	13,217
Other assets	3,214	7,416	8,458
Total assets	\$ 297,751	\$ 193,223	\$ 303,678
<b>Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity</b>			
<b>Current liabilities:</b>			
Current installments of long-term obligations	\$ 5,688	\$ 5,947	\$ 5,220
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	22,259	11,664	15,506
Due to Area Developers	13,157	24,977	16,258
Income taxes payable	—	3,581	—
Deferred revenue - current	3,436	4,682	4,413
Total current liabilities	44,540	50,851	41,397
Long-term obligations, excluding current installments, net of debt issuance costs of \$70, \$108 and \$122, respectively	19,238	17,493	18,410
Revolving credit facility	131,215	—	150,682
Deferred revenue - non-current	5,307	7,056	7,206
Deferred income tax liability	8,203	6,322	6,049
Total liabilities	208,503	81,722	223,744
<b>Commitments and contingencies</b>			
<b>Stockholders' equity:</b>			
Special voting preferred stock, \$0.01 par value per share, 10 shares authorized, issued and outstanding	—	—	—
Class A common stock, \$0.01 par value per share, 21,200,000 shares authorized, 12,681,245, 11,993,292 and 11,969,604 shares issued and outstanding, respectively	127	120	120
Class B common stock, \$0.01 par value per share, 1,000,000 shares authorized, 200,000, 900,000 and 900,000 shares issued and outstanding, respectively	2	9	9
Exchangeable shares, \$0.01 par value, 1,000,000 shares issued and outstanding	10	10	10
Additional paid-in capital	7,862	7,153	6,385
Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of taxes	(1,673)	(1,698)	(2,430)
Retained earnings	82,920	105,907	75,840
Total stockholders' equity	89,248	111,501	79,934
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 297,751	\$ 193,223	\$ 303,678

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

**LIBERTY TAX, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
Consolidated Statements of Operations  
Three and Nine Months Ended January 31, 2017 and 2016 (unaudited)  
(In thousands, except share count and per share data)

	Three Months Ended January 31,		Nine Months Ended January 31,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
<b>Revenue:</b>				
Franchise fees	\$ 522	\$ 1,011	\$ 1,126	\$ 2,526
Area Developer fees	1,001	1,363	3,118	4,491
Royalties and advertising fees	19,078	25,571	21,862	28,589
Financial products	18,745	17,266	19,528	17,781
Interest income	3,246	3,188	8,500	7,503
Tax preparation fees, net of discounts	3,883	3,843	5,803	4,805
Other revenue	1,948	1,379	2,869	3,320
Total revenue	48,423	53,621	62,806	69,015
<b>Operating expenses:</b>				
Employee compensation and benefits	11,240	11,638	29,836	28,454
Selling, general, and administrative expenses	18,193	12,585	35,679	29,097
Area Developer expense	5,958	9,340	6,979	10,722
Advertising expense	5,424	8,972	8,838	14,072
Depreciation, amortization, and impairment charges	2,503	2,118	6,330	5,626
Total operating expenses	43,318	44,653	87,662	87,971
Income (loss) from operations	5,105	8,968	(24,856)	(18,956)
<b>Other income (expense):</b>				
Foreign currency transaction gain (loss)	15	(14)	(10)	(39)
Gain on sale of available-for-sale securities	—	—	50	—
Interest expense	(977)	(705)	(2,053)	(1,592)
Income (loss) before income taxes	4,143	8,249	(26,869)	(20,587)
Income tax expense (benefit)	1,688	3,511	(10,552)	(7,717)
Net income (loss)	2,455	4,738	(16,317)	(12,870)
Less: Net income attributable to participating securities	(177)	(343)	—	—
Net income (loss) attributable to Class A and Class B common stockholders	\$ 2,278	\$ 4,395	\$ (16,317)	\$ (12,870)
Basic	\$ 0.18	\$ 0.34	\$ (1.26)	\$ (1.01)
Diluted	\$ 0.18	\$ 0.34	\$ (1.26)	\$ (1.01)
Weighted-average shares outstanding basic	12,902,577	12,795,367	12,899,757	12,794,185
Weighted-average shares outstanding diluted	13,924,210	14,002,356	12,899,757	12,794,185
Dividends declared per share of common stock and common stock equivalents	\$ 0.16	\$ 0.16	\$ 0.48	\$ 0.48

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

**LIBERTY TAX, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss)  
Three and Nine Months Ended January 31, 2017 and 2016 (unaudited)  
(In thousands)

	Three Months Ended January 31,		Nine Months Ended January 31,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Net income (loss)	\$ 2,455	\$ 4,738	\$ (16,317)	\$ (12,870)
Unrealized loss on interest rate swap agreement, net of taxes of \$14, \$-, \$14, and \$-, respectively	(22)	—	(22)	—
Unrealized (loss) gain on available-for-sale securities, net of taxes of \$-, \$208, \$345 and \$208, respectively	—	(347)	580	(347)
Reclassified gain on sale of available-for-sale securities included in income, net of taxes of \$-, \$-, \$20 and \$-, respectively	—	—	(30)	—
Foreign currency translation adjustment	189	(488)	(513)	(1,362)
Forward contracts related to foreign currency exchange rates	9	(23)	9	(23)
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 2,631	\$ 3,880	\$ (16,293)	\$ (14,602)

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

**LIBERTY TAX, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows  
Nine Months Ended January 31, 2017 and 2016 (unaudited)  
(In thousands)

	Nine Months Ended January 31,	
	2017	2016
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net loss	\$ (16,317)	\$ (12,870)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Provision for doubtful accounts	6,482	4,589
Depreciation, amortization, and impairment charges	6,330	5,626
Stock-based compensation expense	1,520	1,348
Gain on sale of available-for-sale securities	(50)	—
Gain on bargain purchases and sales of Company-owned offices	(634)	(470)
Deferred tax expense	1,046	7,253
Changes in accrued income taxes	(16,728)	(18,283)
Changes in other assets and liabilities	(43,694)	(55,476)
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>(62,045)</u>	<u>(68,283)</u>
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Issuance of operating loans to franchisees	(63,670)	(81,364)
Payments received on operating loans to franchisees	4,065	3,077
Purchases of AD rights and Company-owned offices	(8,141)	(3,713)
Proceeds from sale of Company-owned offices and AD rights	1,291	2,851
Purchase of available-for-sale securities	—	(4,999)
Proceeds from sale of available-for-sale securities	5,049	—
Purchases of property, equipment and software	(4,303)	(8,685)
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(65,709)</u>	<u>(92,833)</u>
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from the exercise of stock options	—	1,998
Repurchase of common stock	(417)	(1,977)
Dividends paid	(6,670)	(6,629)
Repayment of amounts due to former ADs and franchisees	(1,204)	(2,429)
Repayment of long-term obligations	(3,710)	(726)
Borrowings under revolving credit facility	132,531	151,225
Repayments under revolving credit facility	(1,316)	(543)
Proceeds from mortgage debt	2,200	—
Payment for debt issue costs	(35)	—
Tax benefit of stock option exercises	60	933
Net cash provided by financing activities	<u>121,439</u>	<u>141,852</u>
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash, net	(132)	(336)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	<u>(6,447)</u>	<u>(19,600)</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	9,906	21,387
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	<u>\$ 3,459</u>	<u>\$ 1,787</u>

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

**LIBERTY TAX, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows  
Nine Months Ended January 31, 2017 and 2016 (unaudited)  
(In thousands)

	Nine Months Ended January 31,	
	2017	2016
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:		
Cash paid for interest, net of capitalized interest of \$106 and \$225, respectively	\$ 1,702	\$ 974
Cash paid for taxes, net of refunds	5,062	2,374
Accrued capitalized software costs included in accounts payable	7	292
During the nine months ended January 31, 2017 and 2016, the Company acquired certain assets from ADs, franchisees, and third parties as follows:		
Fair value of assets purchased	\$ 27,016	\$ 15,087
Receivables applied, net of amounts due ADs and related deferred revenue	(11,656)	(9,391)
Bargain purchase gains	(513)	(451)
Notes and accounts payable issued	(6,706)	(1,532)
Cash paid to ADs, franchisees and third parties	\$ 8,141	\$ 3,713
During the nine months ended January 31, 2017 and 2016, the Company sold certain assets to ADs and franchisees as follows:		
Book value of assets sold	\$ 9,287	\$ 8,505
Gain on sale - revenue deferred	617	1,688
Loss on sale - loss recognized	(98)	(156)
Notes received	(6,552)	(7,186)
Notes and accounts payable assumed	(1,963)	—
Cash received from ADs and franchisees	\$ 1,291	\$ 2,851

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.



## LIBERTY TAX, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

### Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

January 31, 2017 and 2016 (Unaudited)

#### (1) Organization and Significant Accounting Policies

##### *Description of Business*

Liberty Tax, Inc. (the "Company"), a Delaware corporation, is a holding company engaged through its subsidiaries as a franchisor and, to a lesser degree, an operator of a system of income tax preparation offices located in the United States and Canada. The Company's principal operations are conducted through JTH Tax, Inc. (d/b/a Liberty Tax Service), the Company's largest subsidiary. Through this system of income tax preparation offices, the Company also facilitates refund-based tax settlement financial products, such as refund transfer products and personal income tax refund discounting in Canada. The Company also offers online tax preparation services. All of the offices are operated under the Liberty Tax Service and SiempreTax+ brands.

The Company provides a substantial amount of lending to its franchisees and Area Developers ("ADs"). The Company allows franchisees and ADs to defer a portion of the franchise fee and AD fee, which are paid over time. The Company also offers its franchisees working capital loans to fund their operations between tax seasons.

The Company's operating revenues are seasonal in nature, with peak revenues occurring in the months of January through April. Therefore, results for interim periods are not indicative of results to be expected for the full year.

Unless the context requires otherwise, the terms "Liberty Tax," "Liberty Tax Service," "we," "the Company," "us," and "our" refer to Liberty Tax, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries.

##### *Basis of Presentation*

The condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Liberty Tax, Inc. and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. Assets and liabilities of the Company's Canadian operations have been translated into U.S. dollars using the exchange rate in effect at the end of the period. Revenues and expenses have been translated using the average exchange rates in effect each month of the period. Foreign exchange transaction gains and losses are recognized when incurred. The Company consolidates any entities in which it has a controlling interest, the usual condition of which is ownership of a majority voting interest. The Company also considers for consolidation an entity in which the Company has certain interests where a controlling financial interest may be achieved through arrangements that do not involve voting interests. Such an entity, known as a variable interest entity ("VIE"), is required to be consolidated by its primary beneficiary. The Company does not possess any ownership interests in franchisee entities; however, the Company may provide financial support to franchisee entities. Because the Company's franchise arrangements provide franchisee entities the power to direct the activities that most significantly impact their economic performance, the Company does not consider itself the primary beneficiary of any such entity that might be a VIE. Based on the results of management's analysis of potential VIEs, the Company has not consolidated any franchisee entities. The Company's maximum exposure to loss resulting from involvement with potential VIEs is attributable to accounts and notes receivables and future lease payments due from franchisees. When the Company does not have a controlling interest in an entity but exerts significant influence over the entity, the Company applies the equity method of accounting. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") for interim financial information. The condensed consolidated financial statements, including these notes, are unaudited and exclude some of the disclosures required only in annual financial statements. Consolidated balance sheet data as of April 30, 2016 was derived from the Company's April 30, 2016 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on June 29, 2016.

In the opinion of management, all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of such financial statements in accordance with GAAP have been recorded. These adjustments consisted only of normal recurring items. The accompanying consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's financial statements and notes thereto included in its April 30, 2016 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on June 29, 2016.

## Office Count

The following table shows the U.S. office activity and the number of Canadian and Company-owned offices for the 2017, 2016 and 2015 tax seasons:

	Tax Season		
	2017	2016	2015
<b>U.S. Office Locations:</b>			
<b>Permanent Office Locations:</b>			
Operated during the prior tax season	3,960	3,764	3,663
Offices opened	172	453	397
Offices closed	(422)	(257)	(296)
Operated during the current tax season	<u>3,710</u>	<u>3,960</u>	<u>3,764</u>
<b>Seasonal Office Locations:</b>			
Operated during the prior tax season	211	262	486
Offices opened	37	127	118
Offices closed	(181)	(178)	(342)
Operated during the current tax season	<u>67</u>	<u>211</u>	<u>262</u>
<b>Processing Centers</b>	<u>46</u>	<u>54</u>	<u>43</u>
<b>Total U.S. Office Locations</b>	<u>3,823</u>	<u>4,225</u>	<u>4,069</u>
<b>Canada Office Locations</b>	254	262	259
<b>Total Office Locations</b>	<u>4,077</u>	<u>4,487</u>	<u>4,328</u>
<b>Additional Office Information:</b>			
Company-owned offices	362	310	182
Franchised offices	3,715	4,177	4,146
<b>Total Office Locations</b>	<u>4,077</u>	<u>4,487</u>	<u>4,328</u>

SiempreTax+ is operating 159 offices during the 2017 tax season compared to 144 during the 2016 season and 57 during the 2015 season. These offices include second locations opened by current franchisees in existing territories, conversions of existing Liberty Tax offices and offices opened in new territories.

## Territory Sales

During the first nine months of fiscal 2017, we sold approximately 85 new territories, compared to approximately 180 during the same period in fiscal 2016 and 160 in fiscal 2015.

### *Use of Estimates*

Management has made a number of estimates and assumptions relating to the reporting of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the condensed consolidated financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period, to prepare these condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes in conformity with GAAP. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### *Accounting Pronouncements*

In May 2016, the Company adopted Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2015-03, "Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs", which requires that debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability to be presented on the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the debt liability, similar to the presentation of debt premiums and discounts, and ASU 2015-15, "Presentation and Subsequent Measurement of Debt Issuance Costs Associated with Line-of-Credit Arrangements", which further clarifies the presentation and subsequent measurement of debt issuance costs related to line-of-credit arrangements. ASU 2015-03 and ASU 2015-15 applies retrospectively and does not change the recognition and measurement requirements for debt issuance costs. The adoption of ASU 2015-03 and ASU 2015-15 resulted in the reclassification of \$0.1 million of unamortized debt issuance costs related to the Company's borrowings from other assets to long-term obligations within our consolidated balance sheet as of January 31, 2017, April 30, 2016 and January 31, 2016, respectively.

In May 2016, the Company adopted ASU 2015-02, "Consolidation (Topic 810): Amendments to the Consolidation Analysis", which effectively eliminates the presumption that a general partner should consolidate a limited partnership, modifies the evaluation of whether limited partnerships and similar legal entities are variable interest entities ("VIE"s) or voting interest entities, and affects the consolidation analysis of reporting entities that are involved with VIEs (particularly those that have fee arrangements and related party relationships). The Company has completed its evaluation and has concluded there is no material impact from the adoption of the new standard on its consolidated financial statements.

In March 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued ASU 2016-09, "Improvements to Employee Share Based Payment Accounting (Topic 718)", to simplify several aspects of the accounting for share-based payment transactions, including the income tax consequences, classification of awards as either equity or liabilities, and classification on the statement of cash flows. The standard will be effective for the Company beginning with its first quarterly filing in fiscal year 2018. Early adoption is permitted, including adoption in an interim period prior to fiscal 2018. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this newly issued standard to its consolidated financial statements.

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-15, "Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230)", which clarifies how companies present and classify certain cash receipts and cash payments in the statement of cash flows. The update is intended to reduce the existing diversity in practice and is effective for the Company beginning with its first quarterly filing in fiscal year 2019. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this newly issued standard to its consolidated financial statements.

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-13, "Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments", which changes how companies will measure credit losses for most financial assets and certain other instruments that aren't measured at fair value through net income. The standard replaces the "incurred loss" approach with an "expected loss" model for instruments measured at amortized cost (which generally will result in the earlier recognition of allowances for losses) and requires companies to record allowances for available-for-sale debt securities, rather than reduce the carrying amount. In addition, companies will have to disclose significantly more information, including information used to track credit quality by year of origination, for most financing receivables. The ASU should be applied as a cumulative-effect adjustment to retained earnings as of the beginning of the first reporting period in which the standard is effective. The ASU is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2019. Early adoption is permitted for all entities for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods therein. The ASU is effective for the Company beginning in the first quarter of fiscal year 2021. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this newly issued standard to its consolidated financial statements.

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-04, "Intangibles - Goodwill and Other (Topic 350): Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment." This new standard eliminates Step 2 from the goodwill impairment test. Instead, an entity should compare the fair value of a reporting unit with its carrying amount and recognize an impairment charge for the amount by which the carrying amount exceeds the reporting unit's fair value, not to exceed the total amount of goodwill allocated to the reporting unit. The standard will be effective for the Company in the first quarter of our fiscal year 2021. Early adoption is

permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this newly issued standard to its consolidated financial statements.

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-01, "Business Combinations (Topic 805): Clarifying the Definition of a Business." This new standard clarifies the definition of a business in order to allow for the evaluation of whether transactions should be accounted for as acquisitions or disposals of assets or businesses. The standard will be effective for the Company in the first quarter of our fiscal year 2019. Early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this newly issued standard to its consolidated financial statements.

### **Foreign Operations**

Canadian operations contributed \$0.5 million and \$0.3 million in revenues for the three months ended January 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively and \$1.7 million and \$1.6 million in revenues for the nine months ended January 31, 2017 and 2016.

### **(2) Accounts and Notes Receivable**

The Company provides financing to ADs and franchisees for the purchase of franchises, areas, Company-owned offices, and operating loans for working capital and equipment needs. The franchise-related notes generally are payable over five years and the operating loans generally are due within one year. Most notes bear interest at an annual rate of 12%.

Most of the notes receivable are due from the Company's ADs and franchisees and are collateralized by the underlying AD or franchise and, when the AD or franchise is an entity, are guaranteed by the owners of the respective entity. The debtors' ability to repay the notes is dependent upon both the performance of the tax preparation industry as a whole and the individual franchise or AD areas.

Accounts and notes receivable include royalties billed that relate to territories operated by franchisees located in AD territories and a portion of those accounts and notes receivable are payable to the AD. The Company has recorded amounts payable to ADs for their share of these receivables of \$13.2 million, \$25.0 million, and \$16.3 million at January 31, 2017, April 30, 2016 and January 31, 2016, respectively.

At January 31, 2017, the Company had unfunded lending commitments for working capital loans to franchisees and ADs of \$22.3 million through the end of the current fiscal year.

### **Allowance for Doubtful Accounts**

The adequacy of the allowance for doubtful accounts is assessed on a quarterly basis and adjusted as deemed necessary. Management believes the recorded allowance is adequate based upon its consideration of the estimated fair value of the franchises and AD areas collateralizing the receivables. Any adverse change in the tax preparation industry or the individual franchise or AD areas could affect the Company's estimate of the allowance.

Activity in the allowance for doubtful accounts for the three and nine months ended January 31, 2017 and 2016 was as follows:

	<b>Three Months Ended January 31,</b>		<b>Nine Months Ended January 31,</b>	
	<b>2017</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>2017</b>	<b>2016</b>
	<b>(In thousands)</b>			
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 8,991	\$ 8,075	\$ 8,850	\$ 7,355
Provision for doubtful accounts	3,195	1,192	6,482	4,589
Write-offs	(1,967)	(1,883)	(5,051)	(4,461)
Foreign currency adjustment	23	(53)	(39)	(152)
Balance at end of period	<u>\$ 10,242</u>	<u>\$ 7,331</u>	<u>\$ 10,242</u>	<u>\$ 7,331</u>

Management considers specific accounts and notes receivable to be impaired if the net amounts due exceed the fair value of the underlying franchise at the time of the annual valuation performed as of April 30 of each year, and estimates an

allowance for doubtful accounts based on that excess. The Company performs its impairment analysis annually due to the seasonal nature of its operations. At the end of each fiscal quarter, the Company considers the activity during the period for accounts and notes receivable impaired at each prior fiscal year end and adjusts the allowance for doubtful accounts accordingly. While not specifically identifiable as of the balance sheet date, the Company's analysis of its past experience also indicates that a portion of other accounts and notes receivable may not be collectible. Net amounts due include contractually obligated accounts and notes receivable plus accrued interest, reduced by unrecognized revenue, the allowance for uncollected interest, amounts due ADs, and amounts owed to the franchisee by the Company. In establishing the fair value of the underlying franchise, management considers a variety of factors, including recent sales between franchisees, sales of Company-owned stores, net fees of open offices earned during the most recently completed tax season, and the number of unopened offices.

The allowance for doubtful accounts at January 31, 2017, April 30, 2016 and January 31, 2016, was allocated as follows:

	January 31, 2017	April 30, 2016	January 31, 2016
	(In thousands)		
<b>Impaired:</b>			
Notes and interest receivable, net of unrecognized revenue	\$ 10,012	\$ 12,960	\$ 6,466
Accounts receivable	6,341	7,083	4,274
Less amounts due to ADs and franchisees	(589)	(1,426)	(727)
Amounts receivable less amounts due to ADs and franchisees	<u>\$ 15,764</u>	<u>\$ 18,617</u>	<u>\$ 10,013</u>
Allowance for doubtful accounts for impaired notes and accounts receivable	<u>\$ 6,814</u>	<u>\$ 7,787</u>	<u>\$ 3,693</u>
<b>Non-impaired:</b>			
Notes and interest receivable, net of unrecognized revenue	\$ 101,766	\$ 41,208	\$ 123,922
Accounts receivable	56,672	42,825	55,591
Less amounts due to ADs and franchisees	(12,994)	(26,183)	(16,170)
Amounts receivable less amounts due to ADs and franchisees	<u>\$ 145,444</u>	<u>\$ 57,850</u>	<u>\$ 163,343</u>
Allowance for doubtful accounts for non-impaired notes and accounts receivable	<u>\$ 3,428</u>	<u>\$ 1,063</u>	<u>\$ 3,638</u>
<b>Total:</b>			
Notes and interest receivable, net of unrecognized revenue	\$ 111,778	\$ 54,168	\$ 130,388
Accounts receivable	63,013	49,908	59,865
Less amounts due to ADs and franchisees	(13,583)	(27,609)	(16,897)
Amounts receivable less amounts due to ADs and franchisees	<u>\$ 161,208</u>	<u>\$ 76,467</u>	<u>\$ 173,356</u>
Total allowance for doubtful accounts	<u>\$ 10,242</u>	<u>\$ 8,850</u>	<u>\$ 7,331</u>

The Company's average investment in impaired notes receivable during the nine months ended January 31, 2017 and 2016 was \$11.5 million and \$8.7 million, respectively.

### Analysis of Past Due Receivables

Accounts receivable are considered to be past due if unpaid 30 days after billing and notes receivable are considered past due if unpaid 90 days after the due date. If it is determined the likelihood of collecting substantially all of the note and accrued interest is not probable the notes are put on non-accrual status. Accounts receivables unpaid as of April 30 each year often remain unpaid until the following tax season due to the seasonal nature of the Company's operations and franchisees' cash flows. Non-accrual notes that are paid current and expected to remain current are moved back into accrual status during the next annual review.

The breakdown of accounts and notes receivable past due at January 31, 2017 was as follows:

	Past due	Current	Interest receivable, net	Total receivables
(In thousands)				
Accounts receivable	\$ 34,288	\$ 28,725	\$ —	\$ 63,013
Notes and interest receivable, net of unrecognized revenue (1)	10,253	96,324	5,201	111,778
Total accounts, notes and interest receivable	<u>\$ 44,541</u>	<u>\$ 125,049</u>	<u>\$ 5,201</u>	<u>\$ 174,791</u>

(1) Interest receivable is shown net of an allowance for uncollectible interest of \$1.8 million.

The Company's investment in notes receivable on non-accrual status was \$11.6 million, \$5.5 million and \$6.0 million at January 31, 2017, April 30, 2016, and January 31, 2016, respectively. Payments received on notes in non-accrual status are applied to the principal until the note is current then to interest income.

### (3) Other Assets - Current and Non-current

Other current assets at January 31, 2017, April 30, 2016 and January 31, 2016 consists of the following:

	January 31, 2017	April 30, 2016	January 31, 2016
(In thousands)			
Financial products receivable	\$ 12,991	\$ 677	\$ 14,483
Other current assets	10,088	5,161	6,705
Total	<u>\$ 23,079</u>	<u>\$ 5,838</u>	<u>\$ 21,188</u>

During fiscal 2016, the Company purchased a corporate equity security for \$5.0 million, which was classified as available-for-sale and reported in other non-current assets. The security was sold during the first half of fiscal 2017. A gain on the sale of \$50,000 was recognized and reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income, net of taxes and recorded as other income.

### (4) Goodwill and Intangible Assets

Changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the nine months ended January 31, 2017 and 2016 were as follows:

	January 31, 2017	January 31, 2016
(In thousands)		
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 4,228	\$ 3,377
Acquisitions of assets from franchisees and others	858	975
Disposals and foreign currency changes, net	(185)	(283)
Impairments	(90)	—
Balance at end of period	<u>\$ 4,811</u>	<u>\$ 4,069</u>

The impairment recorded for the nine months ended January 31, 2017 was determined using a discounted cash flow analysis.

Components of intangible assets were as follows as of January 31, 2017, April 30, 2016 and January 31, 2016:

	January 31, 2017			
	Weighted average amortization period	Gross carrying amount	Accumulated amortization	Net carrying amount
(In thousands)				
Amortizable intangible assets:				
Customer lists acquired from unrelated third parties	4 years	\$ 1,027	\$ (546)	\$ 481
Assets acquired from franchisees:				
Customer lists	4 years	1,555	(667)	888
Reacquired rights	2 years	430	(422)	8
AD rights	10 years	26,521	(6,741)	19,780
Acquired assets pending final allocation (1)	-	1,491	—	1,491
Total intangible assets		<u>\$ 31,024</u>	<u>\$ (8,376)</u>	<u>\$ 22,648</u>

(1) Represents recent business acquisitions for which final purchase price allocations have not yet been determined.

	April 30, 2016			
	Weighted average amortization period	Gross carrying amount	Accumulated amortization	Net carrying amount
(In thousands)				
Amortizable intangible assets:				
Customer lists acquired from unrelated third parties	4 years	\$ 1,027	\$ (339)	\$ 688
Assets acquired from franchisees:				
Customer lists	4 years	1,380	(500)	880
Reacquired rights	2 years	511	(482)	29
AD rights	10 years	20,218	(5,545)	14,673
Total intangible assets		<u>\$ 23,136</u>	<u>\$ (6,866)</u>	<u>\$ 16,270</u>

	January 31, 2016			
	Weighted average amortization period	Gross carrying amount	Accumulated amortization	Net carrying amount
(In thousands)				
Amortizable intangible assets:				
Customer lists acquired from unrelated third parties	4 years	\$ 1,027	\$ (254)	\$ 773
Assets acquired from franchisees:				
Customer lists	4 years	1,394	(634)	760
Reacquired rights	2 years	441	(407)	34
AD rights	10 years	16,694	(5,044)	11,650
Total intangible assets		<u>\$ 19,556</u>	<u>\$ (6,339)</u>	<u>\$ 13,217</u>

The Company acquired \$8.1 million, and \$1.9 million of AD rights during the nine months ended January 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

During the nine months ended January 31, 2017, the Company acquired the assets of U.S. or Canadian franchisees, or third parties for \$2.6 million. During the nine months ended January 31, 2016, the Company acquired the assets of U.S. and Canadian franchisees for \$2.2 million. The allocation of the purchase price of assets acquired from franchisees and third parties is as follows:

	Nine Months Ended January 31,	
	2017	2016
	(In thousands)	
Customer lists and reacquired rights	\$ 277	\$ 822
Accounts receivable	—	320
Property, equipment, and software	20	40
Reacquired rights	—	—
Goodwill	858	975
Acquired assets pending final allocation	1,491	—
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 2,646</b>	<b>\$ 2,157</b>

#### (5) Assets Held For Sale

At the end of the third quarter of fiscal 2017 and 2016, assets acquired from U.S. franchisees were classified as assets held for sale. During the nine months ended January 31, 2017, the Company acquired \$16.3 million in assets from U.S. franchisees and third parties that were first accounted for as business combinations, with the value allocated to customer lists and reacquired rights of \$8.1 million and goodwill of \$8.2 million prior to being recorded as assets held for sale. The value of assets acquired includes \$2.1 million of estimated contingent consideration that is included in long-term obligations as due to former ADs and franchisees. During the nine months ended January 31, 2016, the Company acquired \$11.8 million in assets from U.S. franchisees and third parties that were first accounted for as business combinations, with the value allocated to customer lists and reacquired rights of \$5.2 million and goodwill of \$6.3 million prior to being recorded as assets held for sale. The acquired businesses are operated as Company-owned offices until a buyer is located and a new franchise agreement is entered into.

Changes in the carrying amount of assets held for sale for the nine months ended January 31, 2017 and 2016 were as follows:

	Nine Months Ended January 31,	
	2017	2016
	(In thousands)	
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 9,886	\$ 5,160
Reacquired, acquired from third parties, and other	16,334	11,820
Dispositions and impairments	(8,671)	(5,816)
<b>Balance at end of period</b>	<b>\$ 17,549</b>	<b>\$ 11,164</b>



## (6) Long-Term Obligations

The Company has a credit facility that consists of a \$21.2 million term loan and a revolving credit facility that currently allows borrowing of up to \$203.8 million with an accordion feature that permits the Company to request an increase in availability of up to an additional \$50.0 million. Outstanding borrowings accrue interest, which is paid monthly at a rate of the one-month London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") plus a margin ranging from 1.50% to 2.25% depending on the Company's leverage ratio. On August 18, 2016, the Company amended its credit facility, to provide for a modification of certain loan covenants to increase the Company's leverage ratio during the third quarter of each fiscal year. The amendment makes available additional funds due to an expected delay in our cash flows from the Internal Revenue Service until at least February 15, 2017 for taxpayers who claim certain refundable tax credits.

The average interest rate paid during the nine months ended January 31, 2017 and 2016 was 2.23% and 1.84%, respectively. The indebtedness is collateralized by substantially all the assets of the Company and both loans mature on April 30, 2019 (except as to the commitments of one lender that has a small balance under the revolving credit facility, which mature on September 30, 2017).

The credit facility contains certain financial covenants that the Company must meet, including leverage and fixed-charge coverage ratios as well as minimum net worth requirements. In addition, the Company must reduce the outstanding balance under its revolving credit facility to zero for a period of at least 45 consecutive days each fiscal year. The Company was in compliance with the financial covenants at January 31, 2017.

In December 2016, the Company obtained a mortgage payable to a bank in monthly installments of principle payments plus interest at the one-month LIBOR plus 1.85% through December 2026 with a balloon payment of \$0.8 million due at maturity. The mortgage is collateralized by land and building.

Long-term obligations at January 31, 2017, April 30, 2016, and January 31, 2016 consisted of the following:

	January 31, 2017	April 30, 2016	January 31, 2016
	(In thousands)		
<b>Credit Facility:</b>			
Revolver	\$ 131,215	\$ —	\$ 150,682
Term loan, net of debt issuance costs	17,391	18,884	19,667
	148,606	18,884	170,349
Due former ADs, franchisees and third parties	5,345	2,317	1,720
Mortgages	2,190	2,239	2,243
	156,141	23,440	174,312
Less: current installments	(5,688)	(5,947)	(5,220)
Long-term obligations	\$ 150,453	\$ 17,493	\$ 169,092

As discussed in Note 1, the adoption of ASU 2015-03 and ASU 2015-15 resulted in the reclassification of \$0.1 million of unamortized debt issuance costs related to the Company's borrowings from other assets to long-term obligations within our consolidated balance sheet for each period ended January 31, 2017, April 30, 2016 and January 31, 2016, respectively.

## (7) Forward Contracts Related to Foreign Currency Exchange Rates and Cash Flow Hedge

The Company periodically enters into forward contracts to eliminate the exposure related to foreign currency fluctuations in connection with short-term advances made to its Canadian subsidiary. Foreign currency contracts with a fair value of \$9,000 are included in other current assets at January 31, 2017. Foreign currency contracts with a fair value of \$23,000 are included in accounts payable and accrued expenses at January 31, 2016.

In December 2016, in connection with obtaining a mortgage payable to a bank, the Company entered into an interest rate swap agreement that allows it to manage fluctuations in cash flow resulting from changes in the interest rate on the mortgage. This swap effectively changes the variable-rate of the Company's mortgage into a fixed rate of 4.12%. The Company has designated this swap agreement as a cash flow hedge. At January 31, 2017, the fair value of the interest rate swap is less than \$0.1 million and is included in accounts payable and accrued expenses. The interest rate swap expires in December 2026.

## (8) Income Taxes

The Company computes its provision for, or benefit from, income taxes by applying the estimated annual effective tax rate to income or loss from recurring operations and adjusting for the effects of any discrete income tax items specific to the period.

## (9) Stockholders' Equity

### Stockholders' Equity Activity

During the nine months ended January 31, 2017 and 2016, activity in stockholders' equity was as follows:

	Nine Months Ended January 31,	
	2017	2016
	(in thousands, except for share amounts)	
Class A common stock issued from the exercise of stock options	—	132,510
Class A common stock issued from the vesting of restricted stock and as director compensation	20,725	14,293
Class B common stock converted to Class A common shares	700,000	—
Class A common stock repurchased	33,153	82,355
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	\$ —	\$ 1,998
Stock-based compensation expense	1,520	1,348
Repurchase of common stock	417	1,977
Tax effect of stock option exercises	(394)	933
Dividends declared	6,670	6,629

During the nine months ended January 31, 2017, the sole holder of the Company's Class B common stock converted 700,000 of those shares to the Company's Class A common stock on a one-for-one basis and for no additional consideration.

### Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss

The components of accumulated other comprehensive loss at January 31, 2017, April 30, 2016 and January 31, 2016 were as follows.

	January 31, 2017	April 30, 2016	January 31, 2016
	(In thousands)		
Foreign currency adjustment	\$ (1,660)	\$ (1,148)	\$ (2,060)
Unrealized loss on available-for-sale securities, net of taxes of \$-, \$324, and \$208, respectively	—	(550)	(347)
Forward contracts related to foreign currency exchange rates	9	—	(23)
Unrealized loss on interest rate swap agreement, net of taxes	(22)	—	—
Total accumulated other comprehensive loss	<u>\$ (1,673)</u>	<u>\$ (1,698)</u>	<u>\$ (2,430)</u>

### Net Income (Loss) per Share

Net income (loss) per share of Class A and Class B common stock is computed using the two-class method. Basic net income (loss) per share is computed by allocating undistributed earnings to common stock and participating securities (exchangeable shares) and using the weighted-average number of common stock outstanding during the period. Undistributed losses are not allocated to participating securities because they do not meet the required criteria for such allocation.

Diluted net income (loss) per share is computed using the weighted-average number of common stock and, if dilutive, the potential common stock outstanding during the period. Potential common stock consist of the incremental common stock

issuable upon the exercise of stock options and vesting of restricted stock units. The dilutive effect of outstanding stock options and restricted stock units is reflected in diluted earnings per share by application of the treasury stock method. Additionally, the computation of the diluted net income (loss) per share of Class A common stock assumes the conversion of Class B common stock and exchangeable shares, if dilutive, while the diluted net loss per share of Class B common stock does not assume conversion of those shares.

The rights, including liquidation and dividend rights, of the holders of Class A and Class B common stock are identical, with the exception of the election of directors. As a result, the undistributed earnings for each year are allocated based on the contractual participation rights of the Class A and Class B common stock as if the earnings for the year had been distributed. Participating securities have dividend rights that are identical to Class A and Class B common stock.

The computation of basic and diluted net income (loss) per share for the three and nine months ended January 31, 2017 and 2016 is as follows:

	Three Months Ended January 31, 2017		Three Months Ended January 31, 2016	
	Class A Common Stock	Class B Common Stock	Class A Common Stock	Class B Common Stock
	(in thousands, except for share and per share amounts)			
<b>Basic and diluted net income per share:</b>				
<i>Numerator</i>				
Allocation of undistributed losses	\$ 2,417	\$ 38	\$ 4,405	\$ 333
Amounts allocated to participating securities:				
Exchangeable shares	(174)	(3)	(319)	(24)
Net income attributable to common stockholders	\$ 2,243	\$ 35	\$ 4,086	\$ 309
<i>Denominator</i>				
Weighted-average common stock outstanding	12,702,577	200,000	11,895,367	900,000
Basic and diluted net income per share	\$ 0.18	\$ 0.18	\$ 0.34	\$ 0.34
<b>Diluted net income per share:</b>				
<i>Numerator</i>				
Allocation of undistributed earnings for basic computation	\$ 2,243	\$ 35	\$ 4,086	\$ 309
Reallocation of undistributed earnings as a result of assumed conversion of:				
Class B common stock to Class A common stock	35	—	309	—
Exchangeable shares to Class A common stock	177	—	343	—
	\$ 2,455	\$ 35	\$ 4,738	\$ 309
<i>Denominator</i>				
Number of shares used in basic computation	12,702,577	200,000	11,895,367	900,000
Weighted-average effect of dilutive securities				
Class B common stock to Class A common stock	200,000	—	900,000	—
Exchangeable shares to Class A common stock	1,000,000	—	1,000,000	—
Employee stock options	21,633	311	206,989	13,504
	13,924,210	200,311	14,002,356	913,504
Diluted net income per share	\$ 0.18	\$ 0.17	\$ 0.34	\$ 0.34

Diluted net income per share above excludes the impact of shares of potential common stock from the exercise of options to purchase 1,366,871 and 492,611 shares for the three months ended January 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively, because the effect would be anti-dilutive.

	Nine Months Ended January 31, 2017		Nine Months Ended January 31, 2016	
	Class A Common Stock	Class B Common Stock	Class A Common Stock	Class B Common Stock
(in thousands, except for share and per share amounts)				
<b>Basic and diluted net loss per share:</b>				
<i>Numerator</i>				
Allocation of undistributed losses	\$ (15,955)	\$ (362)	\$ (11,965)	\$ (905)
<i>Denominator</i>				
Weighted-average common stock outstanding	12,613,525	286,232	11,894,185	900,000
Basic and diluted net loss per share	\$ (1.26)	\$ (1.26)	\$ (1.01)	\$ (1.01)

As a result of the net losses for the periods shown, diluted net loss per share excludes the impact of shares of potential common stock from the exercise of options to purchase 1,277,479 and 1,073,332 shares for the nine months ended January 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively, because the effect would be anti-dilutive.

## (10) Stock Compensation Plans

### Stock Options

The Company has an equity and cash incentive plan, for the issuance of up to 2,500,000 shares of Class A common stock in which employees and outside directors are eligible to receive awards. At January 31, 2017, 961,588 shares of Class A common stock remain available for grant.

Stock option activity during the nine months ended January 31, 2017 was as follows:

	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price
Balance at beginning of period	1,264,562	\$ 19.77
Granted	512,119	12.61
Exercised	—	—
Expired or forfeited	(274,150)	17.22
Balance at end of period	1,502,531	17.80

Intrinsic value is defined as the market value of the stock less the cost to exercise. There were no options exercised during the nine months ended January 31, 2017. The total intrinsic value of stock options outstanding at January 31, 2017 was \$0.4 million. Stock options vest from six months to five years from the date of grant and expire from four to five years after the vesting date.

Nonvested stock options activity during the nine months ended January 31, 2017 was as follows:

	Nonvested options	Weighted average exercise price
Balance at beginning of period	389,053	\$ 24.76
Granted	512,119	12.61
Vested	(179,054)	23.75
Forfeited	—	—
Balance at end of period	722,118	16.40

At January 31, 2017, unrecognized compensation costs related to nonvested stock options were \$2.2 million. These costs are expected to be recognized through fiscal 2021.

The following table summarizes information about stock options outstanding and exercisable at January 31, 2017:

Range of exercise prices	Options Outstanding			Options Exercisable	
	Number of shares outstanding	Weighted average exercise price	Weighted average remaining contractual life (in years)	Number of options exercisable	Weighted average exercise price
\$10.51 - \$15.00	815,852	\$ 13.50	4.3	303,733	\$ 15.00
16.38 - 19.75	290,876	17.90	3.2	263,876	17.94
22.18 - 29.48	330,387	25.22	4.8	177,387	24.95
33.38	65,416	33.38	4.2	35,417	33.38
	<u>1,502,531</u>	17.80		<u>780,413</u>	19.09

### Restricted Stock Units

Restricted stock activity during the nine months ended January 31, 2017 was as follows:

	Number of Restricted stock units	Weighted average fair value at grant date
Balance at beginning of period	42,792	\$ 26.10
Granted	165,454	12.62
Vested	(17,118)	24.58
Forfeited	(9,108)	31.53
Balance at end of period	<u>182,020</u>	13.71

At January 31, 2017, unrecognized compensation costs related to restricted stock units were \$2.3 million. These costs are expected to be recognized through fiscal 2022.

### (11) Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Financial assets and liabilities subject to fair value measurements on a recurring basis are classified according to a three-tier fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value. Valuation methodologies for the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

- Level 1 — Quoted prices for identical assets and liabilities in active markets.
- Level 2 — Quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets and liabilities in markets that are not active, and model-based valuations in which all significant inputs are observable in the market.
- Level 3 — Unobservable inputs in which little or no market data exists, therefore, requiring an entity to develop its own assumptions.

The Company measures or monitors certain of its assets and liabilities on a fair value basis. Fair value is used on a recurring basis for those assets and liabilities for which fair value is the primary basis of accounting. Other assets and liabilities are measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis; that is, they are subject to fair value adjustments in certain circumstances, such as when there is evidence of impairment. The following tables present, at January 31, 2017, April 30, 2016 and January 31, 2016, for each of the fair value hierarchy levels, the assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring and nonrecurring basis (in thousands):

**January 31, 2017**

	Fair value measurements using			
	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
<b>Assets:</b>				
Recurring:				
Forward contract related to foreign currency exchange rates	\$ 9	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 9
Nonrecurring:				
Impaired accounts and notes receivable	9,539	—	—	9,539
Impaired goodwill	870	—	—	870
<b>Total nonrecurring assets</b>	<b>10,409</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>10,409</b>
<b>Total recurring and nonrecurring assets</b>	<b>\$ 10,418</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ 10,418</b>
<b>Liabilities:</b>				
Recurring:				
Obligations due former ADs and franchisees	\$ 2,052	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 2,052
Interest rate swap agreement	36	—	—	36
<b>Total recurring liabilities</b>	<b>\$ 2,088</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ 2,088</b>

**April 30, 2016**

	Fair value measurements using			
	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
<b>Assets:</b>				
Recurring:				
Cash equivalents	\$ 7,140	\$ 7,140	\$ —	\$ —
Available-for-sale securities	4,123	4,123	—	—
<b>Total recurring assets</b>	<b>11,263</b>	<b>11,263</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>
Nonrecurring:				
Impaired accounts and notes receivable	12,256	—	—	12,256
Impaired goodwill	63	—	—	63
Impaired reacquired rights	28	—	—	28
Impaired customer lists	34	—	—	34
Assets held for sale	9,886	—	—	9,886
<b>Total nonrecurring assets</b>	<b>22,267</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>22,267</b>
<b>Total recurring and nonrecurring assets</b>	<b>\$ 33,530</b>	<b>\$ 11,263</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ 22,267</b>

	January 31, 2016			
	Total	Fair value measurements using		
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
<b>Assets:</b>				
Recurring:				
Available-for-sale securities	\$ 4,444	\$ 4,444	\$ —	\$ —
Forward contracts related to foreign currency exchange rates	23	—	23	—
Nonrecurring:				
Impaired accounts and notes receivable	7,047	—	—	7,047
<b>Total recurring and nonrecurring assets</b>	<u>\$ 11,514</u>	<u>\$ 4,444</u>	<u>\$ 23</u>	<u>\$ 7,047</u>

The Company's policy is to recognize transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy on the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer. There were no transfers into or out of level 1 or 2 requiring fair value measurements for each of the nine months ended January 31, 2017 and 2016.

The following methods and assumptions are used to estimate the fair value of our financial instruments.

*Cash equivalents:* The carrying amounts approximate fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments. Cash equivalent financial instruments consist of money market accounts.

*Available-for-sale securities:* Available-for-sale securities are carried at their aggregate fair value. Fair values for available-for-sale securities are based on published market prices.

*Impaired accounts and notes receivable:* Accounts and notes receivable are considered to be impaired if the net amounts due exceed the fair value of the underlying franchise or if management considers it probable that all principal and interest will not be collected when contractually due. In establishing the estimated fair value of the underlying franchise, consideration is given to recent sales between franchisees, sales of Company-owned stores, the net fees of open offices, and the number of unopened offices.

*Impaired goodwill, reacquired rights, and customer lists:* Goodwill, reacquired rights and customer lists associated with a Company-owned office are considered to be impaired if the net carrying amount exceeds the fair value of the underlying office. In establishing the fair value of the underlying office, consideration is given to the related net fees and marketplace transactions and when appropriate a discounted cash flow model.

*Assets held for sale:* Assets held for sale are recorded at the lower of the carrying value or the sales price, less costs to sell, which approximates fair value. The sales price is calculated as a percentage of prior year net fees and marketplace transactions.

*Obligations due former ADs and franchisees:* Obligations due former ADs and franchisees related to estimated contingent consideration are carried at fair value. The fair value of these obligations was determined using a discounted cash flow model.

*Impaired online software and acquired online customer lists:* The online software and acquired online customer lists are considered to be impaired if the net carrying amount of these assets exceeds the fair value of these assets. The fair value of these assets was determined using a discounted cash flow model.

#### **Other Fair Value Measurements**

Additionally, accounting standards require the disclosure of the estimated fair value of financial instruments that are not recorded at fair value. For the financial instruments that the Company does not record at fair value, estimates of fair value are made at a point in time based on relevant market data and information about the financial instrument. No readily available market exists for a significant portion of the Company's financial instruments. Fair value estimates for these instruments are based on current economic conditions, interest rate risk characteristics, and other factors. Many of these estimates involve

uncertainties and matters of significant judgment and cannot be determined with precision. Therefore, the calculated fair value estimates in many instances cannot be substantiated by comparison to independent markets and, in many cases, may not be realizable in a current sale of the instrument. In addition, changes in assumptions could significantly affect these fair value estimates. The following methods and assumptions were used by the Company in estimating fair value of these financial instruments.

*Receivables other than notes, other current assets, accounts payable, and accrued expenses, and due to ADs:* The carrying amounts approximate fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments.

*Notes receivable:* The carrying amount approximates fair value because the interest rate charged by the Company on these notes approximates rates currently offered by local lending institutions for loans of similar terms to individuals/entities with comparable credit risk (Level 3).

*Long-term obligations:* The carrying amount approximates fair value because the interest rate paid has a variable component (Level 2).

## **(12) Related Party Transactions**

The Company considers directors and their affiliated companies, as well as executive officers and members of their immediate families, to be related parties.

During fiscal 2015, the Company entered into a multi-year contract to purchase a license for the use of Canadian tax software at a price of \$0.7 million from a company in which it has an investment accounted for under the equity method. One of the members of the Company's Board of Directors is affiliated with the company providing this service. This contract expired during the second quarter of fiscal 2017. At that same time, the Company entered into a new three year contract with the same company at a price of \$0.9 million.

During the three months ended January 31, 2017, the Company repurchased 30,035 shares of Class A common stock from an affiliate of a director for \$0.4 million.

## **(13) Commitments and Contingencies**

In the ordinary course of operations, the Company may become a party to legal proceedings. Based upon information currently available, management believes that such legal proceedings, in the aggregate, will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition, cash flows, or results of operations.

*JTH Tax, Inc. and SiempreTax LLC v. Gregory Aime, Aime Consulting, LLC, Aime Consulting, Inc. and Wolf Ventures, Inc. (Case No. 2:16-cv-279).* The Company filed suit in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Virginia against the defendants, former Company franchisees, on June 9, 2016, as amended on June 22, 2016, claiming the defendants breached the purchase and sale agreement (the "PSA") entered between the parties on January 21, 2016 and that the defendants had failed to comply with the post termination obligations of the franchise agreements (together with the PSA, the "Aime Agreements"). The Company sought damages in an amount equal to three times the defendants' earnings and profits, as well as injunctive relief to enforce the defendants to comply with the post termination obligations of the Aime Agreements, to be determined by the trier of fact. The Company specifically sought, in part, to enjoin the defendants from continued operation of a tax preparation business using the Company's protected trademarks, enforcement of the non-compete provision of the Aime Agreements, and an order that the defendants assign all of the leases related to the franchised businesses to the Company. On July 1, 2016, the Magistrate Judge issued a report and recommendation finding a likelihood of success on the merits and recommending entry of the requested temporary restraining order (the "TRO") in favor of the Company, which was adopted in part on August 3, 2016. On September 9, 2016, the defendants filed an answer and counterclaim against the Company, alleging breach of the PSA, breach of the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing and fraud and seeking approximately \$2.4 million in damages, plus future loss profits, punitive damages and other expenses. After a three-day bench trial, on January 13, 2017, the court vacated the TRO, finding in favor of the defendants. On February 15, 2017, the court issued its written opinion and order granting the defendants' breach of contract and breach of the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing claims, denying the Company's claims against the defendants and finding certain post termination obligations to be unenforceable. Judgment was entered in favor of the defendants for approximately \$2.7 million. The Company has recorded a liability for the judgment against it and a receivable for the estimated insurance recovery. The Company intends to vigorously defend its position and pursue an appeal of the judgment.



The Company is also party to claims and lawsuits that are considered to be ordinary, routine litigation incidental to the business, including claims and lawsuits concerning the preparation of customers' income tax returns, the fees charged to customers for various products and services, relationships with franchisees, intellectual property disputes, employment matters, and contract disputes. Although the Company cannot provide assurance that it will ultimately prevail in each instance, it believes the amount, if any, it will be required to pay in the discharge of liabilities or settlements in these claims will not have a material adverse impact on its consolidated results of operations or financial position.

**(14) Subsequent Events**

On March 7, 2017, the Board of Directors approved a quarterly cash dividend to stockholders of \$0.16 per share payable on or about April 24, 2017 to holders of record of common stock and common stock equivalents on April 12, 2017.

## ITEM 2

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

#### Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This quarterly report contains forward-looking statements concerning our business, operations, financial performance, and condition as well as our plans, objectives, and expectations for our business operations and financial performance and condition. Any statements contained herein that are not of historical facts may be deemed to be forward-looking statements. You can identify these statements by words such as "aim," "anticipate," "assume," "believe," "could," "due," "estimate," "expect," "goal," "intend," "may," "objective," "plan," "predict," "potential," "positioned," "should," "target," "will," "would" and other similar expressions that are predictions of or indicate future events and future trends. These forward-looking statements are based on current expectations, estimates, forecasts, projections about our business and the industry in which we operate, and our management's beliefs and assumptions. They are not guarantees of future performance or development and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties, and other factors that are in some cases beyond our control. As a result, any or all of our forward-looking statements in this quarterly report may turn out to be inaccurate. Factors that may cause such differences include, but are not limited to, the risks described under "Item 1A—Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2016 and other filings with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), including:

- our inability to sustain growth at our historical pace;
- the seasonality of our business;
- the continued service of our senior management team and our ability to attract additional talent;
- our inability to secure reliable sources of the tax settlement products we make available to our customers;
- government regulation and oversight, including the regulation of our tax settlement products such as refund transfers and loan settlement products;
- government initiatives that simplify tax return preparation, improve the timing and efficiency of processing tax returns, limit payments to tax preparers or decrease the number of tax returns filed or the size of the refunds;
- government initiatives to pre-populate income tax returns;
- the effect of regulation of the products and services that we offer, including changes in laws and regulations;
- the possible characterization of refund transfers as a form of loan or extension of credit;
- changes in the tax settlement products offered to our customers that make our services less attractive to customers or more costly to us;
- our ability to maintain relationships with our tax settlement product service providers;
- any potential non-compliance, fraud or other misconduct by our franchisees or employees;
- our ability and the ability of our franchisees to comply with legal and regulatory requirements;
- failures by our franchisees and their employees to comply with their contractual obligations to us and with laws and regulations, to the extent these failures affect our reputation or subject us to legal risk;
- the ability of our franchisees to open new territories and operate them successfully;
- the ability of our franchisees to generate sufficient revenue to repay their indebtedness to us;
- our ability to manage Company-owned offices;
- our exposure to litigation;

- our ability and our franchisees' ability to protect customers' personal information, including from a cyber-security incident;
- the impact of identity-theft concerns on customer attitudes toward our services;
- our ability to access the credit markets and satisfy our covenants to lenders;
- challenges in deploying accurate tax software in a timely way each tax season;
- delays in the commencement of the tax season attributable to Congressional action affecting tax matters and the resulting inability of federal and state tax agencies to accept tax returns on a timely basis, or other changes that have the effect of delaying the tax refund cycle;
- competition in the tax preparation market;
- the effect of federal and state legislation that affects the demand for paid tax preparation, such as the Affordable Care Act and potential immigration reform;
- our reliance on technology systems, and electronic communications;
- our ability to effectively deploy software in a timely manner and with all the features our customers require;
- the impact of any acquisitions or dispositions, including our ability to integrate acquisitions and capitalize on their anticipated synergies; and
- other factors, including the risk factors discussed in our latest annual report filed with the SEC.

Potential investors and other readers are urged to consider these factors carefully in evaluating the forward-looking statements and are cautioned not to place undue reliance on the forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this quarterly report. Unless required by law, we do not intend to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements to reflect new information or future events or otherwise. A potential investor or other vendor should, however, review the factors and risks we describe in the reports we will file from time to time with the SEC after the date of this quarterly report.

## Overview

We are one of the leading providers of tax preparation services in the United States and Canada, and during the current tax season, we are operating 4,077 tax offices. As measured by the number of returns prepared, we believe we are one of the largest retail preparer of individual tax returns in the both the United States and Canada. Our tax preparation services and related tax settlement products are offered primarily through franchised locations, although we operate a limited number of Company-owned offices each tax season. See Note 1 "Description of Business and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" in the notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in our Annual Report on form 10-K for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2016, for detail of the U.S. office activity and the number of Canadian and Company-owned offices for the years ended April 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014.

Our revenue primarily consists of the following components:

- **Franchise Fees:** Our standard franchise fee per territory ranges from \$20,000 to \$40,000 and we offer our franchisees flexible structures and financing options for franchise fees. Franchise fee revenue is recognized when our obligations to prepare the franchisee for operation are substantially complete and as cash is received.
- **Area Developer ("AD") Fees:** Our fees for AD areas vary based on our assessment of the revenue potential of each AD area and also depend on the performance of any existing franchisees within the AD area being sold. Our ADs generally receive 50% of franchise fees, royalties, and a portion of the interest income derived from territories located in their area. AD fees received are recognized as revenue on a straight-line basis over the initial contract term of each AD agreement, which has historically been ten years, with the cumulative amount of revenue recognized not to exceed the amount of cash received. We changed the term of new and renewal AD contracts to six years beginning in July 2014.

- **Royalties:** Our franchise agreements require franchisees to pay us a base royalty typically equal to 14% of the franchisee's tax preparation revenue, subject to certain specified minimums.
- **Advertising Fees:** Our franchise agreements require all franchisees to pay us an advertising fee of 5% of the franchisee's tax preparation revenue, which we use primarily to fund collective advertising efforts.
- **Financial Products:** We offer two types of tax settlement financial products: refund transfer products, which involve providing a means by which a customer may receive his or her refund more quickly and conveniently, and refund-based loans. We earn fees from the arranging of the sale of these financial products.
- **Interest Income:** We earn interest income from our franchisees and ADs related to both indebtedness for the unpaid portions of their franchise fees and AD territory fees, and for other loans we extend to our franchisees related to the operation of their territories. For franchise fees and AD loans upon which the underlying revenue has not been recognized, we recognize the interest income only to the extent of actual payment. We also earn interest on our accounts receivable.
- **Tax Preparation Fees:** We earn tax preparation fees, net of discounts, directly by operating Company-owned offices and providing tax preparation services through our online tax return products.

We operate Company-owned offices, substantially all of which are held for sale. If these offices remain unsold at the start of a tax season we will operate them for the tax season with the intent of selling them to qualified franchisees the next year and as a result the number of Company-owned offices will vary from year to year. Going forward the number of company-owned offices may increase if the Company reacquires more offices from existing franchisees and does not find a suitable buyer to take over the office.

For purposes of this section and throughout this quarterly report, all references to "fiscal 2017" and "fiscal 2016" refer to our fiscal years ending April 30, 2017 and ended April 30, 2016, respectively, and corresponding references to fiscal quarters are references to quarters within those fiscal years. For purposes of this section and throughout this quarterly report, all references to "year" or "years" are the respective fiscal year or years ended April 30 unless otherwise noted in this quarterly report, and all references to "tax season" refer to the period between January 1 and April 30 of the referenced year.

### Results of Operations

The table below shows results of operations for the three and nine months ended January 31, 2017 and 2016.

	Three Months Ended January 31,				Nine Months Ended January 31,			
	2017	2016	Change		2017	2016	Change	
			\$	%			\$	%
<b>(dollars in thousands)</b>								
Total revenue	\$ 48,423	\$ 53,621	\$ (5,198)	(10)%	\$ 62,806	\$ 69,015	\$ (6,209)	(9)%
Income (loss) from operations	5,105	8,968	(3,863)	(43)%	(24,856)	(18,956)	(5,900)	31 %
Net income (loss)	2,455	4,738	(2,283)	(48)%	(16,317)	(12,870)	(3,447)	27 %

*Revenue.* The table below sets forth the components and changes in our revenue for the three and nine months ended January 31, 2017 and 2016.

	Three Months Ended January 31,				Nine Months Ended January 31,			
	2017	2016	Change		2017	2016	Change	
			\$	%			\$	%
<b>(dollars in thousands)</b>								
Franchise fees	\$ 522	\$ 1,011	\$ (489)	(48)%	\$ 1,126	\$ 2,526	\$ (1,400)	(55)%
Area Developer fees	1,001	1,363	(362)	(27)%	3,118	4,491	(1,373)	(31)%
Royalties and advertising fees	19,078	25,571	(6,493)	(25)%	21,862	28,589	(6,727)	(24)%
Financial products	18,745	17,266	1,479	9 %	19,528	17,781	1,747	10 %
Interest income	3,246	3,188	58	2 %	8,500	7,503	997	13 %
Tax preparation fees, net of discounts	3,883	3,843	40	1 %	5,803	4,805	998	21 %
Other revenue	1,948	1,379	569	41 %	2,869	3,320	(451)	(14)%
<b>Total revenue</b>	<b>\$ 48,423</b>	<b>\$ 53,621</b>	<b>\$ (5,198)</b>	<b>(10)%</b>	<b>\$ 62,806</b>	<b>\$ 69,015</b>	<b>\$ (6,209)</b>	<b>(9)%</b>

For the three months ended January 31, 2017, total revenue decreased \$5.2 million, or 10%, to \$48.4 million compared to \$53.6 million for the same period last year. Royalties and advertising fees decreased \$6.5 million, or 25% to \$19.1 million compared to \$25.6 million for the same period in the prior year largely due to a reduction in the number of tax returns filed by our franchisees. Franchise fees decreased \$0.5 million due to fewer new territory sales and a reduction of Area Developer fees of \$0.4 million as a result of prior year sales that have now been fully recognized over the life of the original agreements. The decreases were partially offset by an increase of \$1.5 million in financial products primarily related to an increase in the volume and price of refund advance loans originated, partially offset by a decrease in the number of refund transfer products processed as a result of the reduction in the number of tax returns filed. In addition, other revenues increased \$0.6 million.

For the nine months ended January 31, 2017, total revenue decreased \$6.2 million, or 9%, to \$62.8 million compared to \$69.0 million in the comparable prior year period. The decrease was due primarily to a reduction in royalties and advertising fees of \$6.7 million resulting from a decrease in the number of tax returns filed by our franchisees; a decrease in franchise fees of \$1.4 million largely due to fewer new territory sales and a decline in Area Developer fees of \$1.4 million as a result of revenue from prior year sales that have now been fully recognized over the life of the original agreements. These decreases were partially offset by an increase in financial products of \$1.7 million primarily related to an increase in the volume and price of refund advance loans originated, partially offset by a decrease in the number of refund transfer products processed resulting from the reduction in the number of tax returns filed; an increase in tax preparation fees, net of discounts of \$1.0 million related to an increase in the number of Company-owned offices operated in fiscal 2017 compared to fiscal 2016, as well as an increase in interest income of \$1.0 million.

*Operating expenses.* The table below details the amounts and changes in our operating expenses for the three and nine months ended January 31, 2017 and 2016.

	Three Months Ended January 31,				Nine Months Ended January 31,			
	2017	2016	Change		2017	2016	Change	
			\$	%			\$	%
<b>(dollars in thousands)</b>								
Employee compensation and benefits	\$ 11,240	\$ 11,638	\$ (398)	(3)%	\$ 29,836	\$ 28,454	\$ 1,382	5 %
Selling, general, and administrative expenses	18,193	12,585	5,608	45 %	35,679	29,097	6,582	23 %
Area Developer expense	5,958	9,340	(3,382)	(36)%	6,979	10,722	(3,743)	(35)%
Advertising expense	5,424	8,972	(3,548)	(40)%	8,838	14,072	(5,234)	(37)%
Depreciation, amortization, and impairment charges	2,503	2,118	385	18 %	6,330	5,626	704	13 %
<b>Total operating expenses</b>	<b>\$ 43,318</b>	<b>\$ 44,653</b>	<b>\$ (1,335)</b>	<b>(3)%</b>	<b>\$ 87,662</b>	<b>\$ 87,971</b>	<b>\$ (309)</b>	<b>— %</b>

For the three months ended January 31, 2017, total operating expenses decreased \$1.3 million to \$43.3 million compared to \$44.7 million in the comparable prior year period. The decrease in operating expenses primarily relates to a

decrease in advertising expense of \$3.5 million related to the slower start to the 2017 tax season and expense management, as well as a decrease in Area Developer expense of \$3.4 million resulting from a decrease in the number of tax returns filed and the associated decline in royalty fees along with the Company's acquisition of several Area Developer rights during the three months ended January 31, 2017, which lowered the number of offices located within an Area Developer's territory. The decreases were partially offset by an increase in selling, general, and administrative expenses of \$5.6 million primarily resulting from higher fees associated with financial products of \$2.9 million; \$2.0 million of higher bad debt expense resulting from franchisee terminations; \$0.2 million of Compliance Task Force and related costs.

For the nine months ended January 31, 2017, total operating expenses decreased \$0.3 million to \$87.7 million compared to \$88.0 million in the comparable prior year period. The decrease is due to lower advertising expense of \$5.2 million related to the slower start to the 2017 tax season and expense management and; a decrease in Area Developer expense of \$3.7 million resulting from a decrease in the number of tax returns filed and the associated decline in royalty fees along with the Company's acquisition of several Area Developer rights during the three months ended January 31, 2017, which lowered the number of offices located within an Area Developer's territory. The decreases were partially offset by an increase in selling, general, and administrative expenses of \$6.6 million primarily resulting from higher fees associated with financial products of \$3.0 million; \$1.9 million of higher bad debt expense resulting from franchisee terminations; \$1.7 million of increase due to an increase in the number of Company-owned offices operated in fiscal 2017 compared to fiscal 2016.

*Income tax benefit.* We recorded income tax benefits with effective rates of 40.7% and 39.3% during the three and nine months ended January 31, 2017, respectively, and 42.6% and 37.5% during the three and nine months ended January 31, 2016, respectively. Due to the seasonal nature of our business, we expect any losses that we incur through the first eight months of each fiscal year will be more than offset by the results of the last four months of the fiscal year.

## **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

### *Overview of factors affecting our liquidity*

*Seasonality of cash flow.* Our tax return preparation business is seasonal, and most of our revenues and cash flow are generated during the period from late January through April 30. Following each tax season, from May 1 through late January of the following year, we rely on the use of our credit facility, excess operating cash flow from the previous tax season, and from cash payments made by franchisees and ADs who purchase new territories and development areas prior to the next tax season to fund our operating expenses and those of our franchisees, as well as invest in the future growth of our business. Our business has historically generated a strong annual operating cash flow.

*Credit facility.* Our credit facility consists of a term loan and a revolving credit facility that currently allows borrowing of up to \$203.8 million with an accordion feature that permits the Company to request an increase in availability of up to an additional \$50.0 million. On August 18, 2016, we amended our credit facility to provide for a modification of one of our financial covenants thereby increasing our leverage ratio from 4.5:1 to 5.5:1 as of the end of the third quarter of each fiscal year. The amendment makes available additional funds due to an expected delay in our cash flows from the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") until at least February 15, 2017 for taxpayers who claim certain refundable credits.

Under our credit facility, we are subject to a number of covenants that could potentially restrict how we carry out our business or that require us to meet certain periodic tests in the form of financial covenants. The restrictions we consider to be material to our ongoing business include the following:

- We must satisfy a "leverage ratio" test that is based on our outstanding indebtedness at the end of each fiscal quarter,
- We must satisfy a "fixed charge coverage ratio" test at the end of each fiscal quarter,
- We must reduce the outstanding balance under our revolving loan to zero for a period of at least 45 consecutive days each fiscal year, and
- We must maintain a minimum net worth requirement, measured at April 30 of each year.

In addition, were we to experience certain types of changes in control affecting Mr. Hewitt's continuing control of us, or certain changes to the composition of our Board of Directors, we might become subject to an event of default under our credit facility, which could result in the acceleration of our obligations under that facility.

Our credit facility also contains customary affirmative and negative covenants, including limitations on indebtedness, limitations on liens and negative pledges, limitations on investments, loans and acquisitions, limitations on mergers, consolidations, liquidations and dissolutions, limitations on sales of assets, limitations on certain restricted payments and limitations on transactions with affiliates, among others.

We were in compliance with our financial covenants as of January 31, 2017.

*Franchisee lending and potential exposure to credit loss.* At January 31, 2017, our total balance of loans to franchisees and ADs for working capital and equipment loans, representing cash amounts we had advanced to the franchisees and ADs, was \$72.1 million. In addition, at that date, our franchisees and ADs together owed us \$102.7 million, net of unrecognized revenue of \$35.4 million, for amounts representing the unpaid purchase price for franchise territories or areas comprising clusters of territories and other amounts owed to us for royalties and other amounts for which our franchisees and ADs had outstanding payment obligations.

Our actual exposure to potential credit loss associated with franchisee loans is less than the aggregate amount of those loans because a significant portion of those loans are to franchisees located within AD areas, where our AD is ultimately entitled to a substantial portion of the franchise fee and royalty revenues represented by some of these loans. For this reason, the amount of indebtedness of franchisees to us is effectively offset in part by our related payable obligation to ADs in respect of franchise fees and royalties. As of January 31, 2017, the total indebtedness of franchisees to us where the franchisee is located in an AD area was \$109.8 million, of which \$13.2 million of that indebtedness represents amounts ultimately payable to ADs as their share of franchise fees and royalties once cash is received.

Our franchisees make electronic return filings for their customers utilizing our software. Our franchise agreements allow us to obtain repayment of amounts due to us from our franchisees through an electronic fee intercept program before our franchisees receive the net proceeds from tax preparation and other fees they have charged to their customers on tax returns associated with tax settlement products. Therefore, we are able to minimize the nonpayment risk associated with amounts outstanding from franchisees by obtaining direct electronic payment in the ordinary course throughout the tax season. Our credit risk associated with amounts outstanding to ADs is also mitigated by our electronic fee intercept program, which enables us to retain repayments of amounts that would otherwise flow through to ADs as their share of franchise fee and royalty payments, to the extent of an AD's indebtedness to us.

The unpaid amounts owed to us from our ADs and franchisees are collateralized by the underlying franchise or area and, when the franchise or area owner is an entity, are generally guaranteed by the related owners of the respective entity. Accordingly, to the extent a franchisee or AD does not satisfy its payment obligations to us, we may repossess the underlying franchise or area in order to resell it in the future. At January 31, 2017, we had an investment in impaired accounts and notes receivable and related interest receivable of approximately \$15.8 million. We consider accounts and notes receivable to be impaired if the amounts due exceed the fair value of the underlying franchise and estimate an allowance for doubtful accounts based on that excess. Amounts due include the recorded value of the accounts and notes receivable reduced by the allowance for uncollected interest, amounts due to ADs for their portion of franchisee receivables, any related unrecognized revenue and amounts owed to the franchisee or AD by us. In establishing the fair value of the underlying franchise, we consider net fees of open territories and the number of unopened territories. At January 31, 2017, we have recorded an allowance for doubtful accounts for impaired accounts and notes receivable of \$6.8 million. There were no significant concentrations of credit risk with any individual franchisee or AD as of January 31, 2017. We believe our allowance for doubtful accounts as of January 31, 2017 is adequate for our existing loss exposure. We closely monitor the performance of our franchisees and ADs and will adjust our allowances as appropriate if we determine the existing allowances are inadequate to cover estimated losses.

*Dividends.* Until our dividend paid in April 2015, we had never declared or paid a cash dividend on our common stock. Although we have announced a \$0.16 per share quarterly cash dividend and may continue to pay cash dividends in the future, the payment of dividends will be at the discretion of our Board of Directors and will depend, among other things, on our earnings, capital requirements, and financial condition. Our ability to pay dividends will also be subject to compliance with financial covenants that are contained in our credit facility and may be restricted by any future indebtedness that we incur or issuances of preferred stock. In addition, applicable law requires our Board of Directors to determine that we have adequate surplus prior to the declaration of dividends. We cannot provide an assurance that we will continue to pay dividends at any specific level or at all.

#### ***Sources and uses of cash***

*Operating activities.* In the first nine months of fiscal 2017, we used \$6.2 million less cash in our operating activities compared to the same period in fiscal 2016. This decrease is primarily due to payments in the prior year period of \$8.3 million

related to the class action litigation cases which did not recur in the nine months ended January 31, 2017 partially offset by an increase in income taxes paid of \$2.7 million.

*Investing activities.* In the first nine months of fiscal 2017, we utilized \$27.1 million less in cash for investing activities compared to the same period in fiscal 2016. This decrease is primarily due to a decrease in operating loans, net of repayments, of \$18.7 million, as well as a decrease of \$10.0 million resulting from the purchase of securities held for sale in the nine months ended January 31, 2016 and the subsequent sale of those securities in the nine months ended January 31, 2017.

*Financing activities.* In the first nine months of fiscal 2017, cash from financing activities decreased \$20.4 million compared to the same period in fiscal 2016, largely due to a \$19.5 million decrease in net borrowings under our revolving facility.

#### **Future cash needs and capital requirements**

*Operating cash flow needs.* We believe our credit facility entered into on April 30, 2012, as amended, will be sufficient to support our cash flow needs for the foreseeable future. At January 31, 2017, using the leverage ratio applicable under our loan covenants at the end of the quarter, our maximum unused borrowing capacity was \$70.7 million.

Our credit facility also contains a requirement that we reduce the balance of our revolving loan to zero for a period of at least 45 consecutive days each fiscal year; however, because our term loan will remain outstanding during that 45 day period, and given our historic cash flow experience at the end of and beginning of each fiscal year, we do not anticipate that the unavailability of our revolving loan during that 45 day period each fiscal year will adversely affect our cash flow. As of June 14, 2016, we had maintained a zero balance on our revolver for the required 45 days and thus have already met the requirement for fiscal 2017.

Several factors could affect our cash flow in future periods, including the following:

- the delay by the IRS to issue refunds to taxpayers who claim the Earned Income Tax Credit or the Child Tax Credit;
- the extent to which we extend operating financing to our franchisees and ADs and the extent that our franchisees and ADs repay their notes to us;
- the extent and timing of capital expenditures;
- the cash flow effect of stock option exercises and the extent to which we engage in stock repurchases;
- our ability to generate fee and other income related to tax settlement products in light of regulatory pressures on us and our business partners;
- the extent to which we repurchase AD areas, which will involve the use of cash in the short-term, but improve cash receipts in future periods from what would have been the AD's share of royalties and franchise fees;
- the extent to which we repurchase certain assets from franchisees and third parties and our ability to operate these assets profitably; and
- the extent, if any, to which our Board of Directors elects to continue to declare cash dividends on our common stock.

*Effect of our credit facility covenants on our future performance.* Our credit facility, which matures on April 30, 2019, imposes several restrictive covenants, including a covenant that requires us to maintain a leverage ratio of not more than 5.5:1 at the end of each fiscal quarter ending January 31 and a leverage ratio of not more than 3.0:1 at the end of each other fiscal quarter. The higher permitted leverage ratio at the end of the January 31 quarter reflects the fact that as of that date, we have typically extended significant credit to our franchisees for working capital and other needs that is not reflected in repayments received from our franchisees until the period beginning in February each year. At January 31, 2017, our leverage ratio was 3.8:1.

We continue to be obligated under our credit facility to satisfy a fixed charge coverage ratio test, which requires that ratio to be not less than 1.50:1 at the end of every fiscal quarter. At January 31, 2017, our fixed charge coverage ratio was 3.7:1.



We were in compliance with the ratio tests described in this section as of January 31, 2017. We expect to be able to manage our cash flow and our operating activities in such a manner that we will continue to be able to satisfy our obligations under the credit facility for the remainder of the term of that facility.

*Non-GAAP Financial Information.* We report our financial results in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the U.S. ("GAAP"); however, we believe that earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, amortization and impairment ("EBITDA") and non-GAAP results should be evaluated, in addition to, and not as an alternative for, net income (loss), as determined in accordance with GAAP. We consider our non-GAAP financial results to be a useful metric for management and investors to evaluate and compare current year results with prior periods. Because not all companies use the same calculations, our definition of EBITDA may not be comparable to similarly titled figures from other companies. In addition, when evaluating non-GAAP results, we exclude certain items that are not considered to be part of future operating results. Descriptions of the items which are excluded are as follows:

- Executive severance, including stock-based compensation: We exclude from our non-GAAP financial measures cash and non-cash stock-based compensation and perquisites associated with the separation of employment with executives of the Company.
- Compliance Task Force and related costs: We exclude from our non-GAAP financial measures third-party expenses we incur related to our Compliance Task Force, which we established in fiscal 2016 to examine and prevent non-compliance, fraud and other misconduct among our franchisees and employees. These expenses include professional and legal fees.
- Gain on available-for-sale securities: We exclude from our non-GAAP financial measures gains and losses we record when we sell equity securities and other investments.

The following is a reconciliation of EBITDA to GAAP Net income (loss):

	Three Months Ended January 31,		Nine Months Ended January 31,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	(in thousands)		(in thousands)	
Net income (loss) - as reported	\$ 2,455	\$ 4,738	\$ (16,317)	\$ (12,870)
Add back:				
Interest expense	977	705	2,053	1,592
Income tax expense (benefit)	1,688	3,511	(10,552)	(7,717)
Depreciation, amortization, and impairment charges	2,503	2,118	6,330	5,626
Total Adjustments	5,168	6,334	(2,169)	(499)
EBITDA	\$ 7,623	\$ 11,072	\$ (18,486)	\$ (13,369)

The following is a reconciliation of our non-GAAP financial measures to the most comparable GAAP financial measures. Amounts may not add or recalculate due to rounding.

**Three Months Ended January 31, 2017**

(in thousands except per share data)

	<u>Revenues</u>	<u>Operating Expenses</u>	<u>Income from Operations</u>	<u>EBITDA</u>	<u>Income before Income Taxes</u>	<u>Net Income</u>	<u>Diluted EPS</u>
<b>As Reported</b>	\$ 48,423	\$ 43,318	\$ 5,105	\$ 7,623	\$ 4,143	\$ 2,455	\$ 0.18
<b>Adjustments: (1)</b>							
Compliance Task Force and related costs	—	(249)	249	249	249	148	0.01
<b>Total adjustments</b>	—	(249)	249	249	249	148	0.01
<b>Non-GAAP</b>	<u>\$ 48,423</u>	<u>\$ 43,069</u>	<u>\$ 5,354</u>	<u>\$ 7,872</u>	<u>\$ 4,392</u>	<u>\$ 2,603</u>	<u>\$ 0.19</u>

**Three Months Ended January 31, 2016**

(in thousands except per share data)

	<u>Revenues</u>	<u>Operating Expenses</u>	<u>Income from Operations</u>	<u>EBITDA</u>	<u>Income before Income Taxes</u>	<u>Net Income</u>	<u>Diluted EPS</u>
<b>As Reported</b>	\$ 53,621	\$ 44,653	\$ 8,968	\$ 11,072	\$ 8,249	\$ 4,738	\$ 0.34
<b>Adjustments:</b>							
No adjustments for this period	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Total adjustments</b>	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Non-GAAP</b>	<u>\$ 53,621</u>	<u>\$ 44,653</u>	<u>\$ 8,968</u>	<u>\$ 11,072</u>	<u>\$ 8,249</u>	<u>\$ 4,738</u>	<u>\$ 0.34</u>

(1) The net income impact of the adjustments is calculated using the effective tax rate for the period.

**Nine Months Ended January 31, 2017**

(in thousands except per share data)

	<u>Revenues</u>	<u>Operating Expenses</u>	<u>Loss from Operations</u>	<u>EBITDA</u>	<u>Loss before Income Taxes</u>	<u>Net Loss</u>	<u>Basic and Diluted EPS</u>
<b>As Reported</b>	\$ 62,806	\$ 87,662	\$ (24,856)	\$ (18,486)	\$ (26,869)	\$ (16,317)	\$ (1.26)
<b>Adjustments: (1)</b>							
Executive severance, including stock-based compensation	—	(877)	877	877	877	533	0.04
Compliance Task Force and related costs	—	(1,063)	1,063	1,063	1,063	646	0.05
Gain on available-for-sale securities	—	—	—	(50)	(50)	(30)	—
<b>Total adjustments</b>	—	(1,940)	1,940	1,890	1,890	1,149	0.09
<b>Non-GAAP</b>	<u>\$ 62,806</u>	<u>\$ 85,722</u>	<u>\$ (22,916)</u>	<u>\$ (16,596)</u>	<u>\$ (24,979)</u>	<u>\$ (15,168)</u>	<u>\$ (1.17)</u>

**Nine Months Ended January 31, 2016**

(in thousands except per share data)

	<u>Revenues</u>	<u>Operating Expenses</u>	<u>Loss from Operations</u>	<u>EBITDA</u>	<u>Loss before Income Taxes</u>	<u>Net Loss</u>	<u>Basic and Diluted EPS</u>
<b>As Reported</b>	\$ 69,015	\$ 87,971	\$ (18,956)	\$ (13,369)	\$ (20,587)	\$ (12,870)	\$ (1.01)
<b>Adjustments: (1)</b>							
Executive severance, including stock-based compensation	—	(413)	413	413	413	258	0.02
<b>Total adjustments</b>	—	(413)	413	413	413	258	0.02
<b>Non-GAAP</b>	<u>\$ 69,015</u>	<u>\$ 87,558</u>	<u>\$ (18,543)</u>	<u>\$ (12,956)</u>	<u>\$ (20,174)</u>	<u>\$ (12,612)</u>	<u>\$ (0.99)</u>

(1) The net loss impact of the adjustments is calculated using the effective tax rate for the period.

### Seasonality of Operations

Given the seasonal nature of the tax return preparation business, we have historically generated and expect to continue to generate most of our revenues during the period from January 1 through April 30 of each year. For example, in fiscal 2016 we earned 31% of our revenues during our fiscal third quarter ended January 31 and 91% of our revenues during the combined fiscal third and fourth quarters of 2016. We historically operate at a loss through the first eight months of each fiscal year, during which we incur costs associated with preparing for the upcoming tax season.

### Off Balance Sheet Arrangements

We enter into forward contracts to eliminate exposure related to foreign currency fluctuations in connection with short-term advances we make to our Canadian subsidiary during the tax season. At January 31, 2017, the fair value of the forward contracts outstanding was less than \$0.1 million, included in other current assets.

We are a party to an interest rate swap agreement that allows us to manage fluctuations in cash flow resulting from changes in the interest rate on our variable rate mortgage. This swap effectively changes the variable-rate of our mortgage into a fixed rate of 4.12%. At January 31, 2017, the fair value of our interest rate swap was a liability of less than \$0.1 million and was included in accounts payable and accrued expenses. The interest rate swap expires in December 2026.

**ITEM 3**  
**QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK**

There have been no material changes in our market risks from those reported in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2016.

**ITEM 4**  
**CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES**

*Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures*

We, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, have evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), as of January 31, 2017. Based on that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of January 31, 2017, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective in providing reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported by our management on a timely basis in order to comply with our disclosure obligations under the Exchange Act and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

*Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting*

During our most recent fiscal quarter ended January 31, 2017, there were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

## PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

### ITEM 1 LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

In the ordinary course of operations, we may become a party to legal proceedings. Based upon information currently available, management believes that such legal proceedings, in the aggregate, will not have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows, or results of operations.

JTH Tax, Inc. and SiempreTax LLC v. Gregory Aime, Aime Consulting, LLC, Aime Consulting, Inc. and Wolf Ventures, Inc. (Case No. 2:16-cv-279). We filed suit in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Virginia against the defendants, former Company franchisees, on June 9, 2016, as amended on June 22, 2016, claiming the defendants breached the purchase and sale agreement (the "PSA") entered between the parties on January 21, 2016 and that the defendants had failed to comply with the post termination obligations of the franchise agreements (together with the PSA, the "Aime Agreements"). We sought damages in an amount equal to three times the defendants' earnings and profits, as well as injunctive relief to enforce the defendants to comply with the post termination obligations of the Aime Agreements, to be determined by the trier of fact. We specifically sought, in part, to enjoin the defendants from continued operation of a tax preparation business using the our protected trademarks, enforcement of the non-compete provision of the Aime Agreements, and an order that the defendants assign all of the leases related to the franchised businesses to us. On July 1, 2016, the Magistrate Judge issued a report and recommendation finding a likelihood of success on the merits and recommending entry of the requested temporary restraining order (the "TRO") in our favor, which was adopted in part on August 3, 2016. On September 9, 2016, the defendants filed an answer and counterclaim against us, alleging breach of the PSA, breach of the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing and fraud and seeking approximately \$2.4 million in damages, plus future loss profits, punitive damages and other expenses. After a three-day bench trial, on January 13, 2017, the court vacated the TRO, finding in favor of the defendants. On February 15, 2017, the court issued its written opinion and order granting the defendants' breach of contract and breach of the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing claims, denying our claims against the defendants and finding certain post termination obligations to be unenforceable. Judgment was entered in favor of the defendants for approximately \$2.7 million. We have recorded a liability for the judgment against us and a receivable for the estimated insurance recovery. We intend to vigorously defend our position and pursue an appeal of the judgment.

We are also party to claims and lawsuits that are considered to be ordinary, routine litigation incidental to the business, including claims and lawsuits concerning the preparation of customers' income tax returns, the fees charged to customers for various products and services, relationships with franchisees, intellectual property disputes, employment matters, and contract disputes. Although we cannot provide assurance that we will ultimately prevail in each instance, we believe the amount, if any, we will be required to pay in the discharge of liabilities or settlements in these claims will not have a material adverse impact on our consolidated results of operations or financial position.

### ITEM 1A RISK FACTORS

There have been no material changes in our risk factors from those previously disclosed in Part I. Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended April 30, 2016.

### ITEM 2 UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

There were no issuances of unregistered securities during the three months ended January 31, 2017.

### SHARE REPURCHASES

Our Board of Directors has authorized up to \$10 million for share repurchases, which was increased \$3.2 million on June 10, 2016. This authorization has no specific expiration date and cash proceeds from stock option exercises increase the amount of the authorization. In addition, the Board of Directors authorized an Area Developer repurchase program which reduces the amount of the share repurchase authorization on a dollar for dollar basis. Shares repurchased from option exercises and RSUs vesting that are net-share settled by us and shares repurchased in privately negotiated transactions are not considered share repurchases under this authorization.

During the three months ended January 31, 2017, we repurchased shares of Class A common stock as follows:

<b>Period</b>	<b>Total Number of Shares Purchased</b>	<b>Average Price Paid per Share</b>	<b>Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plan</b>	<b>Maximum Value of Shares that may yet be Purchased Under the Plan as of Month End (in thousands) (2)</b>
November 1, 2016 through November 30, 2016	—	—	—	10,000
December 1, 2016 through December 31, 2016	—	—	—	10,000
January 1, 2017 through January 31, 2017 (1)	30,035	12.58	—	8,493
<b>Total</b>	<b>30,035</b>		<b>—</b>	

(1) Repurchased in privately negotiated transaction with a director.

(2) As part of the Area Developer repurchase auction program, the Company expended \$1.5 million during the quarter.

**ITEM 6  
EXHIBITS**

We have filed the following exhibits as part of this report:

<b>Exhibit Number</b>	<b>Exhibit Description</b>	<b>Filed Herewith</b>	<b>Incorporated by Reference</b>
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer	X	
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer	X	
32.1(1)	Section 1350 Certification (Chief Executive Officer)	X	
32.2(1)	Section 1350 Certification (Chief Financial Officer)	X	
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document	X	
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema	X	
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase	X	
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase	X	
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase	X	
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase	X	

(1) This exhibit is furnished and shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

**Liberty Tax, Inc.  
(Registrant)**

March 9, 2017

By: /s/ John T. Hewitt  
John T. Hewitt  
Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board  
(Principal Executive Officer)

March 9, 2017

By: /s/ Kathleen E. Donovan  
Kathleen E. Donovan  
Chief Financial Officer  
(Principal Financial Officer)



## EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description	Filed Herewith	Incorporated by Reference
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer	X	
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer	X	
32.1(1)	Section 1350 Certification (Chief Executive Officer)	X	
32.2(1)	Section 1350 Certification (Chief Financial Officer)	X	
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document	X	
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema	X	
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase	X	
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase	X	
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase	X	
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase	X	

(1) This exhibit is intended to be furnished and shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

I, John T. Hewitt, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of LIBERTY TAX, INC.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal controls over financial reporting, or caused such internal controls over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of the financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal controls over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

March 9, 2017 By: /s/ John T. Hewitt

John T. Hewitt  
Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board  
(Principal Executive Officer)

I, Kathleen E. Donovan, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of LIBERTY TAX, INC.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal controls over financial reporting, or caused such internal controls over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of the financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal controls over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

March 9, 2017 By: /s/ Kathleen E. Donovan  
Kathleen E. Donovan  
Chief Financial Officer  
(Principal Financial Officer)

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO  
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,  
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO  
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Liberty Tax, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended January 31, 2017 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, John T. Hewitt, Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

March 9, 2017 By: /s/ John T. Hewitt

John T. Hewitt

Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board (Principal  
Executive Officer)

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO  
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,  
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO  
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Liberty Tax, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended January 31, 2017 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Kathleen E. Donovan, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

March 9, 2017 By:           /s/ Kathleen E. Donovan            
Kathleen E. Donovan  
Chief Financial Officer  
(Principal Financial Officer)

